READ THE BUSINESS EDITORIAL

VOLUME XLI. NO. 257.

KANSAS CITY, FEBRUARY 22, 1899.—TWELVE PAGES.

WEDNESDAY.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

The Child of Kansas City. We Celebrate Them To-day

Points of Information Regarding Ball

Doors for admission to the concert and

ball will be open at 6:30 o'clock. Doors for

those having tickets good for ball only will be open at 10 o'clock. Members of the reception and floor committees will report to their respective chairmen at 7:30 sharp, at south entrance to the arena floor, in-

to their respective chairmen at 7:30 sharp, at south entrance to the arena floor, inside the building.

Guests for the ball will be admitted at the main entrance to the building, being entrance No. 3, on Thirteenth street.

Ladies will not be permitted to appear on the dancing floor, nor to occupy seats on the arena floor, wearing hats or wraps. Rooms have been provided for the care of these articles free of charge.

Gentlemen must appear in full dress if they desire to participate in the dance. Officers of military organizations will be permitted to appear in full dress uniform.

Competent attendants will be provided for the convenience of guests and will not be permitted to receive fees for their services. Carriages will arrive by Thirteenth street, facing east, and, after leaving guests, will continue east.

On departing the same order will be observed. After the evening concert there will be an intermision of sufficient duration to permit of the arranging of the floor for the dance. This will be done as quickly as possible and with little inconvenience to guests, and it is the intention to have the ballroom prepared in time to allow the grand march to take place at 10:30 o'clock.

The Metropolitan Street Railway Company will run cars till 2 o'clock to-morrow morning to accommodate those who attend the ball.

WELCOME TO OMAHA OFFICIALS

Programme Completed for Entertain-

ment of Nebraskans-Break-

fast at the Midland.

All preparations have been completed for

giving city officials from Omaha a hearty

elcome to-day. The visitors will consis

of Mayor Moores and twenty-five aldermen and city officials, and will arrive in the

city this morning at 6:30 a. m. They will

he met at the depot by the two sergeants-

at-arms and the city clerk and taken in carriages to the Midland hotel, where

breakfast will be served. At 9:30 the party

will enter the carriages again and be driven

will enter the carriages again and be driven over the city.

They will return to the Midland at 2 o'clock, in time to sit down to a banquet on which neither money 2r pains has been spar-d. Eighty plates in all will be laid. Mayor Jones will act as toastmaster, and addresses will be made by H. M. Beardsley and H. S. Hadley. The banquet will end in time to give the party a chance to get ready to attend the opening of Convention hall, tickets for which have been secured. After the exercises at the hall

are ended the visitors will be placed in charge of Comptroller Lund, chairman of the Owl committee, who will give them an opportunity to see Kansas City by gas and electric light. Chairman Lund enters

on his duties promptly at midnight.

During the drive through the city the party will be the guests of Colonel Van Houten, of the Zoo, at a special perform-

Kings and Queens of the Range

The Convention hall number of Kings and Queens of the Range is a thing of beauty and a joy forever. It comes forth this week in a green cover, with the picture of Mrs. R. W. Ryan and Armour Rose, the \$1.000 prize heifer, as a frontispiece. Next in order is a full page picture of John Philip Sousa and Mrs. Sousa, who will lead the opening concert at the hall to-day.

Following are photographs of officers of

the Commercial Club, prominent Kansas City business men, newspaper writers, judges and others. Several pages are de-voted to the stock yards and cattle men.

Among the literary contributions is an article on "The Mission of the Churches," by Rev. Dr. Henry Hopkins, Halftone pictures of the residences of old settlers and prominent citizens of Kansas City adorn several pages.

prominent citizens of Kansas City adorn several pages.
Good, clear halftones of the new public library and other public buildings are also to be found in the issue. Two pages are devoted to the Elks.
One of the features of the magazine is a long poem, "The Vision of Kansas City," in the meter of "Hiawatha," by David B, Page. The poem is profusely and beautifully illustrated.

No Finshlights Will Be Taken.

At a meeting of the Convention hall committee last evening it was decided positively that no flashlight picture of any kind would be taken at the concert and hall this evening. It had previously been thought that the taking of such a picture would be allowed, but after fully considering the matter it was decided that the smoke, odor and confusion likely to result would not be agreeable, and so the final decision was made that no flashlight will be allowed.

NAGGING THE GOVERNMENT.

Opposition in Spanish Cabinet Contin-

ues to Make Itself Disagree-

ably Troublesome. MADRID, Feb. 21.-In the chamber of

deputies to-day the opposition continued to balt the government; Senor Canalejas put

of finance, Senor Pulgeerver, who declined

that this was the reason why no bills

BRIEF BITS OF NEWS.

John Haverly, of Hannibal, and Walter M. Sharp, of Sheldon, Mo., have been ap-pointed railway mail clerks. The contract for carrying the United States mail from Wilson to Sylvan Grove, Kas., has been awarded to H. T. Ogden,

G. W. Lukens, a prominent business man of Columbia, Mo., died yesterday aged 55 years. He leaves one daughter, Fannie, wife of W. H. Rucker, of St. Louis.

wife of W. H. Rucker, of St. Louis.

Bids have been opened at the Indian office for the construction of a frame residence for the superintendent of the Haskell institute, at Lawrence, Kas. The lowest bidder was E. H. Schneider, of

Lawrence, 83,460.

Thomas M. Pentzer, of Springfield; George W. Houston, of Unionville, Mo.; Maurice L. Alden, of Kansas City, and Charles R. Stone, of Emporia, Kas., have been admitted to practice before the interior department at Washington.

After the exercises at the hal

ecured.

NOT ONE OF THE JURY THAT WILL TRY JESSE JAMES.

TRIAL WILL BEGIN TO-MORROW

TWELVE JURORS WERE SECURED YESTERDAY AFTERNOON.

Will Be Quartered at Hotel Lynch-Jesse Appeared Pleased at the Personnel of the Jury That Will Decide His Fate.

These are the men who have been named to serve on the jury which will try Jesse King R. Powell, of 507 Grand avenue. years old and a stationary engineer; a wid-

ower. Born in Massachusetts. clerk, 29 years old: married. Born in Illi-

Albert Miller, a confectioner employed at



JESSE JAMES JR

Eighteenth and Oak streets. He is 50 years

Eugene McEntee, of 526 Belmont avenue: 36 years old, unmarried and is a brick layer. He swore that he had been ap-proached by detectives after his name was innounced as a venireman. John J. Durrett, of 2707 Southwest boule

vard; is a native of Missouri and is married.

He is 58 years old. William S. Rodgers, lives at 1536 Kansas avenue; is 52 years old, married and is em-ployed as a laborer at Loose Bros.' factory. nard Veugelen, lives at 909 East Four-

meat cutter by occupation.
Samuel E. Spence, lives at 1816 East
Eleventh street; is 33 years old, married,

Joseph M. O'Connell, lives at 604 West Fourteenth street, and is 24 years old. He

Fourteenth street, and is 24 years old. He knows Detective Boyle. He is opposed to capital punishment.

William E. Mullins lives at \$% Linwood avenue; is 27 years old and is unmarried. He is employed as a dry goods clerk.

Joseph E. Broughal lives at 5% Jackson avenue and is a coal dealer. He is acquainted with Prosecutor Reed.

Harry G. Clark lives at 14% East Twelfth street and is the local agent for Streets' Western Stable Car line. He is well known at the stock yards.

Jury Selected at 5:45 o'Clock. The task of selecting the jury which will fate of Jesse James was com pleted at 5:45 o'clock vesterday afternoon

pleted at 5:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon, when Judge Shackleford called out the names of twelve men who have been selected as competent jurors. As the defense was allowed until 6:39 p. m. yesterday to challenge the names of twenty men on the list of forty-seven which was selected on Monday, almost the full time was taken by Attorney Walsh and his associates.

At 5:34 p. m. Jesse James and his attorneys entered the room in which Judge Shackleford and Prosecutor Reed were sitting and announced that they had challenged twenty of the forty-seven jurors. Judge Shackleford entered the courtroom without a moment's delay and as soon as the room was quiet Prosecutor Reed an-



PROSECUTOR JAMES A. REED.

unced that he had challenged fifteen nounced that he had challenged lifteen names which were on the list. The work of recording the challenged names required but a few minutes and Judge Shackleford read the names of the twelve jurors that remained. The twelve men all responded to their names as they were called and entered the jury box.

All the other jurors were excused and they left the courtroom hurriedly, many with a feeling of relief, as their twelve hours of close confinement was beginning to grow monotonous.

As soon as the names of the twelve jury ien were announced by the court, Jesse personnel of the jury and asked for the newspapers, so that he could secure some information concerning the men who will pass judgment upon him. The young de-fendant appeared to be very favorably im-pressed with the jury and lost no time in pressed with the jury and said to the acceptessing his opinions. His uncle, Frank James, sat just behind the attorneys and examined each jurymen carefully, but did not commit himself. After the reading of the names, Judge Shackleford turned toward the jury and said:

"Gentlemen, I trust you all realize the great responsibility that rests upon you. I do not know how long your services will be required, as there are many future events which cannot be forescen. I hope that you will be as patient as possible and remember that the law demands your services. If you desire anything, kindly make known your requests to the marsial and he will do everything that is in his power. Do not discuss this case among yourselves. It is the most natural thing in the world that you should want to discuss the trial but nothing should be said until the last few hours of your deliberations. No juryman should make up his mind until the last moment that is allowed to him. Do Charge to the Jury.

not discuss anything about this trial until the last argument is made. You must consider the entire testimony and the entire law. Now, gentlemen, these are my instructions and I trust that you will do your full duty."

After Judge Shackleford had finished, the twelve jurymen filed out of the room in charge of Marshai Chiles and several deputies.

attorneys for both the prosecutio and the defense were engaged up to a late hour last night in examining the personnel of the jury. Both sides seem perfectly satof the jury. Both sides seem perfectly satisfied with the men who have been selected
and there is a general Teeling that the
case will receive a fair and impartial trial.
Neither side has been able to find a blemish upon the name and character of any of
the jurymen. Seven of the jurymen are
young men, two of them, Joseph O'Connell
and William S. Rodgers, are but 23 years
old, which is just the age of Jesse James.
J. J. Durrett lived south of Independence,
Mo., before the war and is an ex-Confederate.

Leonard Veugelen has worked at Armour's for five years. Jesse James was also employed at Armour's for six and one-half years. Charles M. Polk also worked there.
William Ewing publicly declared before
the court that "he would give anybody Joseph Broughal has a brother who is

Joseph Broughal has a brother who is employed at the county court house. He is a bookkeeper for the Central Coal and Coke Company.

King R. Powell served in the Home guard during the war at the time of Price's raid. This juror caused more speculation as to his position on the part of both the prosecution and defense than any other.

Samuel A. Spence declared publicly that he was without prejudice and had formed no opinion whatever.

All the other jurors are regarded as intelligent, fair-dealing citizens.

The fact that not a single farmer was permitted to serve on the jury may be regarded by some as significant. The prosecution rejected all farmers on the list with the exception of Jesse Green, who was challenged by the defense, although there was no particular objections to him.

Jurors Rejected by the State.

Jurors Rejected by the State. The following are the names of those rejected by the state and the alleged reasons

Louis Lampkins, Jr., of Lee's Summit, because be was a friend of Attorney Walsh. Henry Binger, because he is a farmer living near Glendale, the scene of several train robberies.

Andrew Hamilton, because he is a farmer and a son of Charles G. Hamilton, who is

and a soil of Charles G. Hallards, who is a now serving out a nine months' sentence in fall for shooting Mary Charlton.

Frank A. Falkenburg, because he is a farmer living in Van Buren township.

Charles L. M. St. Clair is another farmer living in Van Buren township.

Samuel Stewart is a farmer living near Independence. Samuel Stewart is a farmer living near Independence.
Louis Johnson is employed by the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, which corporation is frequently represented by Attorney Walsh.
Others rejected by the state were: Fred J. Millich, Mike Scanlon, John F. Hughes, John F. Fitzgerald, A. H. Cole, John R. Creviston, Samuel D. Hulse, William E. Stewart.

Jurors Rejected by Defense. The following are the names challenged

by the defense, and the alleged reasons for such action:
Frank G. Graham, who is managing editor of the World.
Clinton Guy, because he is employed by the Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis railroad, which has been the victim of several holdups.
William Fulton, because he is an insurance adjuster, and is supposed to be closely identified with detectives.
B. Davidson, because he was supposed to be too friendly with persons connected with the prosecution.
Joseph N. Roll, because he is alleged to by the defense, and the alleged reasons

be too friendly with persons connected with the prosecution.

Joseph N. Roll, because he is alleged to have stated that he had formed a decided opinion prior to the trial.

Charles R. Smith, because the attorneys for the defense could not learn anything

about him.

John D. Durrett, because he was thought to have expressed his opinions.

Others challenged by the defense were: Otto M. Little, F. B. Bonniwell, August F. Miller, Edward Paget, Joseph W. Westwood, Jesse Green, William R. Hogsett, William M. Rollings, James Burns, Enoch C. Northington, David M. Bone, George E. Chambers and Joseph A. Kessier.

Quartered at Hotel Lynch.

Unusual comment was provoked when it was announced that the jury would be quartered in the Lynch hotel, at Fifth and Cherry streets. The marshal evidently did

Cherry streets. The marshal evidently did not see the fine irony in selecting a hotel with such a gruesome name as the one which shelters the men who will decide the fate of a man who is on trial for a crime which is punishable by death.

After the names of the jurymen were announced a discussion arose concerning the advisability of holding the trial on Washington's birthday. Mr. Walsh said that his position on the matter was a most trying one, as he was engaged in the Smith-Lowry suit in Judge Slover's court. "If this case is postponed until Thursday," said Mr. Walsh. "I will have two different suits in two different courts at the same time." ame time."

Judge Shackleford said that he desired

to arrange matters so that everything would be satisfactory to all parties con-cerned and asked for suggestions from cerned and asked for suggestions from Prosecutor Reed and other attorneys.

"I hope that there will be as little delay as possible," said Mr. Reed, "because the present term of the criminal court expires March 6, and I would like to have this case ended by that time. If there is to be any delay on Mr. Walsh's account it should be to-morrow. Delays are dangerous."

Judge Shackleford suggested that the leading attorneys of both sides communicate with him at 10 o'clock p. m. and a decision would be reached at that hour. The suggestion was accepted. At 10 o'clock decision would be reached at that hour.
The suggestion was accepted. At 10 o'clock The suggestion was accepted. At 10 o'clock last night Judge Shackleford called up Prosecutor Reed and Attorney Waish and Informed them that he had decided not to hold court on Washington's birthday, as it is a legal holiday. He took this action in the matter, he said, to prevent any controversy concerning the legality of holding the trial on a holiday. He stated that court will convene at 9 o'clock on Thursday morning. Attorney Walsh has a case before Judge Slover on Thursday, and it is not known how matters can be arranged so that he can try both cases.

CHEROKEE TREATY FAILS.

Joint Committee of Congress Decides to Abandon Consideration of the Measure.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21 .- (Special.) The joint committee which has had the Cher-okee treaty under consideration for some time past has failed to reach an agreement, and to-day decided to abandon further consideration of it, which means that the treaty has ceased to be a living issue before congress.

DECORATION FOR LADY CURZON Former Miss Leiter Becomes Member of Imperial Order of Crown

of India. LONDON, Feb. 21.-The Official Gazette announces that the decoration of the Imperial Order of the Crown of India has been conferred upon Lady Curzon, wife of the viceroy of India and daughter of L. Z.

Europe Has the Grip.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—An epidemic of influenza has prevailed in the greater part of Europe for some time past. In this country a mild type of influenza is very prevalent. There were seventy-four deaths from the disease in London last week. The celebration of Washington's birthday by the American colony here has been abandoned in consequence of the epidemic.

Will Be Completed in a Year. WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—(Special.) The supervising architect completed specifications for interior finish of the government uniding at Kansas City, and to-day placed to the market on the market. ork on the market. It is estimated building will be completed in one

year. The night of Convention hall ball the Coates House restaurant open all night.

DEDICATION EXERCISES BEGIN AT 2 O'CLOCK.

CONCERT BY SOUSA'S BAND

GRAND BALL IN THE EVENING, WITH SOUSA MUSIC.

This Is the Day to Which Kansas City Has Looked Forward With Pleasurable Anticipation for Months-Programme of Festivities.

"This is the day we long have sought." To-day the formal dedication of Convention hall will take place. To-day will be consummated that for which Kansas City has striven so long, the throwing open to the public for the use of the largest gathering, local, state or national, of a great hall modern elegant, capacious and fully metropolis of the great Southwest. Con-



JOHN PHILIP SOUSA.

toriums in the world. It is more than that to the people of Kansas City. It is a mon-ument to the public spirit, the enterprise, the self-sacrifice, the broad liberality of all her people. Everybody in Kansas City or the great territory tributary is proud of Convention hall.

The building is in complete readiness for to-day's great events. From the top of the building the two flagstaffs recently erected will display, one the stars and stripes, the other the Convention hall streamer. in the hundreds of large flags used in dec-orating are all in place. So are the myriads of small flags, the shields, the potted palms, the electric lights, the floor canvases; in short, everything is ready for the entertainment of the 25,000 or more people who will at and the two concerts y Sousa's great band, or the great bal with which the inauguration ceremonies conclude. The hall is a dream of beauty No description can do justice to the won derful sight, wonderful alike from the rastness and beauty of the building, as well as the harmony and beauty of its

There yet remain many good seats for he afternoon concert which can be ob tained up to the time the concert begin

For the evening concert, no seats are left will be placed on sale at the box office at the south entrance of Convention hall a o'clock this morning. There are from 500 800 of these seats and they will be sold at 25 cents each for the evening concert. with the privilege of remaining and look-

at 25 cents each for the evening concert, with the privilege of remaining and looking on at the ball.

Everybody who buys or has bought a ticket for either afternoon or evening will be assured of a seat. Positively no standing room will be sold for either afternoon or evening and where seats have been sold without reservation numbers being attached each ticket will call for a seat just the same, as in no part of the building have more tickets been sold than there are actual seats in position.

There yet remain ball tickets in plenty at 35 per couple, though these, too, went very fast yesterday. The hundreds of committeemen who have tickets on sale had not yet reported last evening.

Two parties of distinguished guests from abroad will attend the concert and ball this evening. One is the Gansas Editorial Association, about 309 strong, which will attend as the guests of the Commercial Cub. They will have seats in the east arena balcony. The other party is the Omaha city council and other city officials, who will be the guests of the Kansas City city officials. They will be seated in the raised portion of the colonnade immediately back of the grand box to be occupied by K. B. Armour and party.

Sousa and his great band will arrive at 9 o'clock this morning from Springfield, III.

Ill.
The programmes which they will give at Convention hall to-day are as follows:

AFTERNOON.
Overture, "Rienzi" (Wagner).
Conget solo, "Whirlwind Polka" (Godfrey), Herbert S. Clarke. Dances, (a) Peasants' Mazurka (Sousa), (b) Caprice

Dances, (a) Peasants' Mazurka (Sousa), (b) Caprice Tarantelie (Sousa).

Soprano solo, "Linda di Chamounix" (Donazetti), Miss Maud Reese Davies.
Easter seene, "Mefatofeles" (Bolto).
Egyptian Ballet suite, new (Luigini).
Carillon de Noel, new (Pierni).
March, "The Charlatan" (Sousa).
Violin solo, "Zigeuner Weisen" (Sarasate), Miss Dorothy Hoyle.
Dance Trepak, from "The Nutcracker" (Tachal-kowsky).

banes Preak, from 'the Authors (Panish Kowsky).

Overture, "Jublies" (Weber).
Trombone solo, Air Varie (Pryor), Arthur Pryor.
Grand scene from 'Parnifal' (Wagner).
Sopranc solo, "Will You Love When the Lilles Are Dead?" (Sousa).
Grand scene, "Benediction of the Poignards," from 'The Huguenota' (Meyerbeer); trombone section, Messra Pryor, Lyon and Withers.
Overture, "Pary and Withers.
Overture, "Paragraph III." (Suppe).
Scherzo, "Favette and Sansonette" (Kiing).
March, "Charlatan" (Sousa).
Violin solo, "Gypsy Dance" (Nachez), Miss Dorothy Hoyle.

"Over the Footlights in New York" (Sousa).
THE DANCES.

"Over the Footlights in New York" (Sousa).

Grand March, "The Presidential Folonalse" (Sousa).

Two-step, "The Charlatan" (Sousa).

Waltz, "The Polar Star" (Waldteufel).

Two-step, "Te Bride-elect" (Sousa).

Waltz, "Colonial Dames" (Sousa).

Two-step, "King Cotton" (Sousa).

Two-step, "King Cotton" (Sousa).

Two-step, "Georgia Campmeeting" (Milla).

Waltz, "The Queen of the Sea" (Sousa).

Two-step, "The Liberty Bell" (Sousa).

Two-step, "The Charlatan" (Sousa).

Waltz, "The Charlatan" (Sousa).

Two-step, "The Stars and Stripes Forever" (Sousa).

Two-step, "The Stars and Stripes Forever" (Sousa).

Two-step, "Manhattan Beach" (Sousa).

Waltz, "El Capitan" (Sousa).

Two-step, "El Capitan" (Sousa).

The rules and regulations governing the concerts and ball, entrances for tickets, as follows:

Mr. Charles Campbell, president of the Convention Hall Building Company, will declare the building formally opened promptly at 2 o'clock. The afternoon concert will begin immediately thereafter. The doors for admission will be open promptly at 1 o'clock. Holders of tickets are requested to read same carefully to familiarize themselves with the entrances to the building, in order to avoid confusion and delay at the doors. Those having roof garden tickets will enter at entrance No. 1. being at the north end of the building, on Cen-

tral street. Those having tickets for the west arena balcony boxes, west arena balcony, colonnade, colonnade balcony and west balcony will enter at entrance No. 2, being at the corner of Thirteenth and Central streets. Those having tickets for the arena floor will be admitted at entrance No. 3, being the main entrance at the south end of the building, on Thirteenth street. Those having tickets for the east arena balcony boxes, east arena balcony, colonnade, colonnade balcony and east balcony will be admitted at entrance No. 4, which will be found at the southeast corner of the building, on Thirteenth street, being the first entrance west of Wyandotte street. Those having reserved seat tickets are requested to come early, as there may be more or less delay in seating the audience, because of various changes that have been made in placing the seats occ

BILL TO INCREASE POLICE FORCE PASSES THE SENATE.

HARD BLOW TO HOME RULE

be more or less delay in scating the audience, because of various changes that have been made in placing the seats, occasioned by the house being sold before the seats were in position.

For the evening concerts the entrances will be the same as for the afternoon. Placards bearing the numbers of the entrances will be prominently placed over the doors, and holders of tickets are requested to carefully note same, The evening concert will begin at 8 o'clock. The doors for admission will be open at 6:30, and holders of tickets are requested to carefully familiarize themselves with the entrances as specified on their tickets, and not offer themselves for admission at the wrong entrance. MEASURE WAS PASSED BY A STRICT PARTY VOTE.

New Stephens Machine Legislation Provides for an Increase of 350, at a Cost of Half a Million Annually-Republicans Condemn It.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., Feb. 21 .- (Special.) Drabelle's bill for increasing the police force of the city of St. Louis passed the senate this afternoon by the strict party vote of 19 to 6. Every Republican present voted "no," but every Democrat present voted "aye." The bill is a machine measure, pure and simple, as are all of Drabelle's. It provides for an increase in the force of not less than 350, entailing an increase in the cost of the department to the city of St. Louis of nearly \$500,000 per annum. It imposes a fine of \$1,000 upon the municipal assembly if it shall refuse to make the appropriations estimated by the police board, or if it shall in any other way interfere with the management of the police. Thus would be taken away from the people of St. Louis the merest pretense of home rule. Government by the partisan police board appointed by the governor is made absolute and irrevocable, except by a Republican legislature. The thoroughly vicious and pernicious character of the bill was revealed when Senator Rollins introduced his amendment, inserting the words "nor more" after the stated number of the force, and the words "nor more" after the stated salaries. These amendments were voted down by a strict party vote. The bill as it passed the senate fixes the minimum force and the minimum salaries, but fails to fix the maximum. Thus it is made possible for a foreign and partisan police board to drain the treasury of St. Louis and bankrupt the city. It is a significant fact that but one senator from St. Louis-Drabelle, the governor's mechanic-voted for the obnoxious measure. Every other

Louis, without regard to politics, strongly condemned the measure. Senator Schweickardt had read from the desk an editorial from the Republic, denouncing the police bill in caustic terms. As the vote was taken each Republican enator from St. Louis erose and uttered his formal protest on behalf of the people of St. Louis against the contemplated out rage by the Democratic party. It is almost incredible to believe that the Demo cratic senators should have been unaninous for such a bill, but they were. The question is now pertinent-is Kansas City safe? An affirmative answer seems reasonable. Kansas City people are unaniyous for home rule. The Kansas City Democratic delegation are of much the same persuasion. It is altogether improbble that Senator Lyons or Representatives Cleary or Phillips will vote for the Kansas City police bill. The votes of Senator Young and Representative Cardwell are ac ounted for the measure. It is believed that at the proper time George Noel, of Lone Jack, will vote for home rule Kansas City. But without the united support of the Democratic delegation the legislature would hardly dare to pass the Pendergast bill. Even the fate of the St. Democrats in the house will vote against

senator from St. Louis opposed it. It is

also significant that every paper in St.

it and thus defeat its passage. Senator Schweickardt, the genial Reeffect of the police bill upoff political conditions in St. Louis: "I tell you, gentlemen" he said. "the police bill will do more anything in years. If the measure becomes a law, when the tax time comes, there will be hell and damnation."

IN MEMORY OF THE DEAD.

Lower House Adjourns Out of Respect to the Late Representative Averill, of Pemiscot.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., Feb. 21 .- (Special.) The house met at 10 o'clock this morning and adjourned almost immediately, out of respect to Representative John T. Averill, of Pemiscot county, who died n his room here this morning at 6 o'clock of pneumonia. He had been ill almost coninuously ever since the opening week of

tinuously ever since the opening week of the legislature.

John T. Averill was born in Pemiscot county, October 18, 1839. He had only three months of schooling at a subscription school. He served as a lieutenant in the Confederate cavalry from 1862 to the close of the civil war. After the close of the war he held the offices of sheriff, collector and justice of the peace in Pemiscot country for a period of fourteen years. He served two terms in the legislature. By occupation he was a farmer.

When the house met this morning Chaplain Pollard, in his opening prayer, referred to the two departed members.

On motion of Williams, of Scott, the speaker appointed the following members to escort the body to Gayoso: Tribble, of Dunklin: Bradley, of St. Francois; Hauber, of Worth, and McClaren, of Ripley.

The desks formerly occupied by Captain Kneisley and Mr. Averill were ordered draped in mourning until their successors shall take seats in the house. The house adjourned until Thursday morning at 9 o'clock, to-morrow being Washington's birthday. of finance, Senor Puigcerver, who declined to reveal the contents of the projected bills. The minister, however, said he hoped in due time to introduce measures to settle the arrears of pay of the soldiers returned from Cuba, and to deal with the payment of the Cuban and Philippine debts.

To this Senor Canalejas rejiled: "Nothing could be conceived more lamentable than the words of the minister of finance. It is evident that he has prepared no bills at all, despite the gravity of the situation." Senor Canalejas then proceeded to censure the government, caustically attributing its "careless glibness of explanation" to the fact that it was aware that in a few days it would no longer be in office. He said he thought Senor Puigcerver would have done better to acknowledge frankly that this was the reason why no bills had

TO LICENSE BUCKETSHOPS.

Senator Orchard Introduces Bill Fixing Annual License at \$5,000-

Violations Heavily Fined. JEFFERSON CITY, Feb. 21.—(Special.) Senator Orchard, of Howell, introduced a radical measure defining "bucketshops," and licensing them at \$5,000 a year. The bbill would seem to include all merchants exchanges. The following is the definition the bill:

"A bucketshop within the meaning of "A bucketshop within the meaning of this act is a place wherein are posted or the same occurs the fluctuating prices of stocks, shares, bonds, petroleum, cotton, grain, provisions or other commodities, or of any one or more of the same, in trades made or offered to be made on boards of exchange or by any person, firm or organization, and wherein the person carrying on the bucketshop, either as principal or agent, pretends to buy or sell or goes through the form of buying and selling

then and there, to any person or persons, any one of such commodities at a certain price fixed by or according to the aforestid prices posted or published, but wherein neither party actually buys such commodity, and neither party actually sells the same."

he same."
When any person, company or corporawhen any person, company or corpora-tion who engages in the bucketshop busi-ness is found guilty of having no license, the sentence is fixed at imprisonment in the county juil for from six months to one year or a fine of from \$500 to \$1,000, or both such fine and imprisonment.

TO MOLLIFY NEWSPAPER MEN.

Only Adjournment Prevented Passage of Resolution Inviting Reporters to Return.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., Feb. 21 .- (Special.) The death of Representative Averill this morning prevented the house from extending to the newspaper correspondents the courtesies which they have always heretofore enjoyed. Representative John-ston, of St. Louis county, had a resolution

ston, of St. Louis county, had a resolution to offer on the subject, but Speaker Ward refused to recognize him.

Mr. Johnston's resolution is the most favorable yet offered in behalf of the reporters, who were excluded by Speaker Ward's arbitrary ruling from the privileges of the floor. The resolution provides that the correspondents be invited to return to the house, with a guarantee that they shall be accorded the same privileges as have been extended to newspaper men since the



ROWLAND L. JOHNSTON, Who Does Not Believe Too Many Courte sies Can Be Extended to the Press.

first general assembly of Missouri convened. Representative Johnston said after the house adjourned that the constitution provides that the business of the house shall be conducted in open session. He construes this to mean that reporters shall be afforded every facility for gathering the news. And, inasmuch as the ruling of the speaker would prevent this, he thinks that the house should reverse the speaker and that the action of last Friday should be expensioned.

The senate has always taken the posi-tion that Mr. Johnston assumes. Many of the representatives agree with Mr. John-ston and say that the discourtesy which the speaker has shown the great papers of the state will be condemned by the peo-Carrying Burgiars' Tools a Felony.

JEFFERSON CITY, Feb. 21.—(Special.) Chief of Detectives Desmond, of St. Louis, is in the city. He is talking to legislators about a bill which he wants introduced is in the city. He is talking to legislators about a bill which he wants introduced making it a felony for a man to have burglar tools in his possession, or to manufacture such tools. He brought a kit of the tools with him, and is showing them to the legislators. It is probable that a bill on the subject will be introduced soon.

Oil Inspectors Appointed. JEFFERSON CITY, Feb. 21.—(Special.) Jovernor Stephens to-day appointed John R. Gant inspector of oils in Ray county, and Theodore H. Shepherd inspector of oils in Livingston county.

HAVANA'S BONDED DEBT.

Expert Haskins Will Report That City Can Bear \$25,000,000, Twice the Present Debt.

HAVANA, Feb. 21 .- The work on the city finances, in which Mr. Haskins, the ex-pert accountant, has been engaged, is drawing to a close. He will report to General Ludiow, governor of the department of Havana, that the city is able to bear a \$25,000,000 debt. The present 6 per cent obligations, amounting to \$12,500,000, new bond issue will be used for improvements. If the existing debt alone was re-

new bond issue will be used for improvements. If the existing debt alone was refunded, Mr. Haskins thinks it could be done at 4 per cent, and the total issue of 25,000,000 would be favorably received in New York at 5 per cent. There are no legal obstacles in the way of an immediate refunding, provided the city council wishes to do so. General Ludlow desires to have Havana sewered and paved under his immediate direction. He has had much experience and takes much interest in municipal improvements.

Mr. Haskins' opinion of the bonding possibilities will no doubt be accepted by General Ludlow and the finance commission, and will hurt the Dady contract, providing for a new 6 per cent \$14,000,000 issue on the basis of 90, which would realize \$12,600,000.

Senor Galvis, president of the Spanish bank, has arranged with a syndicate of London and Paris capitalists to bid for the refunding issue of \$12,500,000 5 per cent bonds at par. Mr. Haskins will advise the retaining of the present system of taxation if the people are accustomed to it, but he will submit that it ought to be modified and simplified in order to prevent frauds. He will suggest that the water taxes be lowered in the poor quarters and increased in the rich quarters.

NEBRASKA PRAIRIE FIRE. Farmers Living Near North Loup Lose Stables, Farm Machinery

and Hay. NORTH LOUP, NEB., Feb. 21 .- A destructive prairie fire broke out in the hill coun try, south of this town, yesterday and driven by a high north wind, soon b inmanageable. Much damage was done to farmers, many losing all their hay. F. L. Van Zant lost his stable, wagons and farm nachinery and other property. One farm Farmers turned out en masse to fight the

flames, which for a time seriously the ened a large amount of territory, total loss will reach, if it does not ex Rigid Smallpox Quarantine

SOUTH M'ALESTER, I. T., Feb. 21 Special.) The Missouri, Kansas & Tex

(Special.) The Missouri, Kansas & Texas rallway having generously furnished free transportation, six guards will be put on the trains between Vinita and South Mc-Alester, for the purpose of rigidly quarantining against smallpox coming from the Creek nation. Everybody is being vaccinated. Those too poor to pay for the same are being vaccinated free of charge.

Passed Over Governor's Veto. ST. PAUL, MINN., Feb. 21.—By a vote of to 15, or four more than needed, the senate to-day passed over the governor's veta the bill appropriating \$20,000 to pay boundes earned under the best sugar bounty law. Four Democrats voted with the Republicans in favor of the bill. The bill now becomes effective without the governor's approval.

FILIPINO OFFICER DIRECTS THAT AMERICANS BE EXTERMINATED.

PLANS FAILED TO CONNECT

DEATH OF AMERICANS WAS SET FOR

NIGHT OF FEBRUARY 15. General Otla Cables the Text of the

Order to Washington-Insurgent

Forces Near Ilollo Are Believed to Be Disintegrating.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21 .- The following dispatch was received this afternoon from

Adjutant General, Washington. Following, issued by an important —
officer of insurgent government at Malolos,
February 15, 1899, for execution during the

evening and night in this city:
"First-You will so dispose that at 8 o'clock at night the individuals of the territorial militia, at your order, will be found united in all of the streets of San Pedro, armed with their balos and revolvers or guns, and ammunition, if convenient. "Second—Philippine families only will be respected. They should not be molested,

but all other individuals, of whatever race they may be, will be exterminated without any compassion, after the extermination of the army of occupation.
"Third—The defenders of the Philippines

in your command will attack the guard at Bilibld and liberate the prisoners and 'presidiarios,' and having accomplished this they will be armed, saying to them: 'Brothers, we must avenge ourselves on the Americans, and exterminate them, that we may take our revenge for the infamy and treach-ery which they have committed upon us; assion upon them; attack have no compassion upon them; attack with vigor. All Filipinos, en masse, will second you—long live Filipinos' independ-"Fifth-The order which will be followed

gin the attack from without and these shots will be the signal for the militia of go out into the street and do their duty; those of Pake, Ermita and Malate, Santa Cruz and San Miguel, will not start out ompanions need assistance.
"Sixth—The militia of Tondo will start out at 3 o'clock in the morning. If all do

in the attack will be as follows: The sharp-shooters of Tondo and Santa Ana will be-

their duty, our revenge will be complete. Brothers, Europe contemplates; we know how to die as men, shedding our blood in defense of the liberty of our country. Death to the tyrants.

"War without quarter to the false Americans who have deceived us. "Either independence or death." The portion of General Otis' report indicated by dashes the officials were unable to decipher to-night. There is no "Fourth"

furnished to the press.

The war department has also received the

following:
MANILA, Feb. 21.—Adjutant General, Washington:-General Miller reports on 19th inst., insurgent forces few miles out from Iloilo believed to be disintegrating. Can maintain his position with present force. Business in city being resumed. He has sent up four representative men, offi-cials, from capital of Island of Negros, where American flag raised and American protection requested against small insur-gent force in Islands. Affairs there and in Cebu very encouraging. Shall endeavor to maintain and improve present promising conditions. Affairs here quiet. Small insurgent force east of city driven away yes-

terday with a considerable loss to enemy.— Otis.

The cabinet at its meeting to-day dis-cussed the message received from General The cabinet at its meeting to-day discussed the message received from General Otis at Manila, and reached the conclusion that the situation generally in the Phillippines was considerably improved. From other sources it is learned that the insurgent leaders have admitted that when the United States forces are reinforced by the troops now rearing Manila, their chances of success will be greatly reduced. This gives the administration much encouragement, and it is generally believed that the complete subjugation of the insurgents will be a matter of a comparatively short time.

be a matter of a comparatively short time.

MANILA, Feb. 21.—5:15 p. m.—The United States transport Newport has arrived here from Iloilo with dispatches from General Miller to General Otis. She reports all quiet at Iloilo. The American troops there are occupying the suburbs of Jaro and Molo. Business has been resumed generally with the outside world. Some rice is coming in from the provinces, and there has been no fighting since February 12. All is quiet at Manila. The heat is causing some inconvenience, but no casualties have been reported.

BERESFORD IN WASHINGTON. lays He Is Delighted With His Reception Throughout the

Country. WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.-Lord Charles Beresford, with his secretary and valet, reached Washington this forenoon and will reached Washington this forenoon and will remain here until Thursday. He sails from New York on Saturday on the Campania for England. As a special commissioner from the Associated Chambers of Commerce of Great Britain, his mission has been to inquire into British trade in China. The total trade of China, he said to-day, is \$25,000,000, and of this Great Britain gets \$55 per cent and the United States about 14 per cent.

"The United States trade there." Lord Beresford said, "is developing more than any other, but it is mostly in Manchuria and the north, and the goods do not appear as American goods mostly, but as British or German. The lack of development of the trade is due to lack of security."

While in this city, Lord Beresford will call on Secretary of State Hay, whom he has long known, the British ambassador and probably the president. He says he is delighted with his reception throughout the country.

the country. "BOB" BURDETTE TO WED. Will Be Married, About Easter, to a

Wealthy Widow of Passdena, Cal. TOLEDO, O., Feb. 21.-The Blade nounces that Robert J. Burdette, the hu-morist, is to marry Mrs. P. C. Baker, a morist, is to marry ars, P. C. Baker, a very wealthy widow of Pasadena, Cal., who has been his lifelong friend. She has one son, about the same age as Mr. Burdette's son. The two young men are close friends and are delighted with the match. The ceremony will take place at Fasadena about Easter.

Canada May Furnish Beffish Troops, LONDON, Feb. 21.—In the house of commons to-day, the parliamentary secretary of the war office, George Wyndman, replying to a question on the subject, said that recruiting in Canada for the regular army of Great Britain was under consideration, and he was not prepared to admit that there were any obstacles to such a step on either side of the Atlantic.